

# MATH 2020 Advanced Calculus II

## Tutorial 1

Compute the following double integrals:

$$1. \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+xy} dx dy$$

**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+xy} dx dy &= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+xy} dy dx \\&= \int_0^1 [\ln(1+xy)]_0^1 dx \\&= \int_0^1 [\ln(1+x) - \ln(1+0)] dx \\&= [(1+x) \ln(1+x)]_0^1 - \int_0^1 dx \\&= 2 \ln 2 - 1\end{aligned}$$

$$2. \int_0^2 \int_0^1 xy^2 e^{xy^3} dx dy$$

**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^2 \int_0^1 xy^2 e^{xy^3} dx dy &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 xy^2 e^{xy^3} dy dx \\&= \int_0^2 \left[ \frac{1}{3} e^{xy^3} \right]_0^1 dx \\&= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^2 (e^x - 1) dx \\&= \frac{1}{3} [e^x - x]_0^2 \\&= \frac{1}{3} (e^2 - 3)\end{aligned}$$

$$3. \int_1^2 \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2 y^3} dx dy$$

**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^2 \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2 y^3} dx dy &= \left( \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x^2} \right) \left( \int_1^2 \frac{dy}{y^3} \right) \\&= \left[ -\frac{1}{x} \right]_1^2 \left[ -\frac{1}{2y^2} \right]_1^2 \\&= \left( -\frac{1}{2} + 1 \right) \left( -\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \\&= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{8} \\&= \frac{3}{16}\end{aligned}$$

$$4. \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-2}^2 (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$$

**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-2}^2 (x^2 + y^2) dx dy &= \int_{-1}^1 \left[ \frac{x^3}{3} + xy^2 \right]_{-2}^2 dy \\&= \int_{-1}^1 \left( \frac{16}{3} + 4y^2 \right) dy \\&= \left[ \frac{16}{3}y + \frac{4}{3}y^3 \right]_{-1}^1 \\&= \frac{32}{3} + \frac{8}{3} \\&= \frac{40}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$5. \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1 - x - y) dx dy$$

**Solution.**

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (1 - x - y) dx dy &= \int_0^1 \left[ x - \frac{x^2}{2} - xy \right]_0^1 dy \\&= \int_0^1 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2} - y \right) dy \\&= \int_0^1 \left( \frac{1}{2} - y \right) dy \\&= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \\&= 0\end{aligned}$$